

**Address by John Hyde, GOPAC Secretary  
to the Sixth Session of the Conference of the States Parties to the  
United Nations Convention Against Corruption**

Wednesday 04 November 2015  
Saint Petersburg, Russia

GOPAC (the Global Organization of Parliamentarians Against Corruption) officially declared its support for the United Nations Convention Against Corruption (UNCAC) at the signing ceremony in Merida, Mexico in 2003.

Subsequently in 2006, the GOPAC Global Conference in Arusha, Tanzania issued a resolution outlining a commitment to create the Global Task Force of the UNCAC (GTF-UNCAC) with the aim of enhancing the capacity of parliamentarians to localise the Convention by adapting international standards to national needs and to play an important oversight role in the monitoring and review of the national effort to implement the UNCAC.

A Forum of Parliamentarians has been hosted in conjunction with every the Conference of States Parties to the UNCAC since. This Forum of Parliamentarians is one of GOPAC's flagship events.

This year's Forum contains two panel sessions. We are pleased to receive collaboration from the UN Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and the UN Development Programme (UNDP) through their Australian Aid (DFAT) funded UN Pacific Regional Anti-Corruption (UNPRAC) Project in our first session entitled Partnerships to Curtail Corruption in the Pacific, and from Transparency International in our second session entitled Prosecuting Grand Corruption: Let us bring them to justice.

GOPAC, the UNODC, the UNDP and Transparency International are pleased to welcome a keynote address by Mr. Yury Fedotov, UNODC Executive Director to open the Forum tomorrow morning at 10am.

The Global Organization of Parliamentarians against Corruption (GOPAC) was founded in October 2002 as a result of a Global Conference in Ottawa, Canada which brought together over 170 Parliamentarians and 400 observers dedicated to fighting corruption and improving good governance. GOPAC is unique in that it is the only international network of Parliamentarians focused solely on combating corruption. Its members represent more than 50 countries in all regions of the world. They are current or former legislators. GOPAC's vision is to "achieve accountability and transparency through effective anti-corruption mechanisms and inclusive participation and cooperation between Parliamentarians, government and civil society". To achieve this vision, GOPAC's mission is to "assist and support Parliamentarians in their advocacy and legislation to make governments accountable and transparent".

Recently, GOPAC hosted its 6th Conference in Yogyakarta, Indonesia and elected our new chair, Indonesia Parliament's deputy speaker, Hon Fadli Zon.

In 2013 GOPAC members unanimously mandated the organization to establish grand corruption as a crime of international law to enable international institutions and alliances to prosecute the guilty. Further to this end a bold Declaration emerged at the fifth Forum of Parliamentarians, held at the fifth Conference of States Parties to the United Nations Convention Against Corruption, where GOPAC members resolved to encourage states, the United Nations, and international institutions to develop additional international mechanisms to apprehend, prosecute, judge, and sentence those who have committed crimes of grand corruption. This commitment was strengthened at GOPAC's latest Global Conference in October 2015, where members resolved to recommend that the United Nations consider the establishment of a new UNCAC protocol to establish an international court on corruption for the prosecution of perpetrators and collaborators of grand corruption, and to endorse the use of legal actions to pursue perpetrators of grand corruption and stress the need to strengthen international cooperation in facilitating the return of stolen assets to those harmed by corruption.

GOPAC's general assembly in Yogyakarta last month also prioritised our responsibilities as directly elected representatives of the peoples of the world to combat corruption in all its forms and actively work towards achieving the Sustainable Development Goal 16 of peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, access to justice for all, and effective, accountable institutions at all levels.

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